

## ACTOR TERRISS KILLED.

STABBED TO DEATH IN LONDON BY  
A DISCHARGED SUPER.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, Dec. 16.—William Terriss, the well-known actor, who was playing William Gillette's part in "Secret Service," was stabbed and killed to-night by a discharged super named Richard Arthur Prince.

Mr. Terriss was entering the stage door of the Adelphi Theatre on Maiden Lane, when a shabby man, who had been evidently lying in wait for him in a neighboring doorway, rushed upon him and stabbed him with a butcher's knife, twice in the back and once in the breast. The wounded man ejaculated "My God, I'm stabbed," and then seeing a commissionaire approaching cried: "Seize him, commissionaire, seize him quickly."

The commissionaire grasped the man by the back of the neck and cried: "All right, I'm not going to run away, I'm going straight to the police station."

His captor, assisted by others, handed him over to the police, who had been attracted by the cries.

Mr. Terriss was removed to the theatre. He was suffering from a severe pain, but was only semi-conscious. Physicians were summoned, but despite their efforts he died in half an hour.

Prince seemed to be well pleased with the success of his murderous plan. Terriss was exceedingly popular with playgoers, and his murder has caused a great sensation here. The special editions of the newspapers contain the story of the crime met with an enormous sale.

The commissionaire who captured the murderer says that the bystanders could easily have prevented the killing. Several men were close to Prince, but they were afraid of his knife and his ferocious aspect.

Until Prince was arraigned in the Bow Street Police Court to-morrow nothing can be authoritatively known as to the motive of the murder. Indications tend to show that the murderer is a crank, but it is impossible to decide as yet which of the several stories that are in circulation is correct.

It is said that the Prince was employed as a super at the Adelphi Theatre until the end of last week. He is a good workman, but is eccentric. He is nicknamed "Mad Arthur." One story concerning him is that he is an unsuccessful actor, and that he is known at several of the theatres.

When he was charged at the Bow Street Police Court he gave his name as Richard Archer (sic) Prince. He said that he was an actor, residing in Eaton Court, Buckingham Palace Road. He is 32 years old.

No reporters were present when he was arraigned. The chief clerk refused to give any information, but it is credibly reported that when Prince was charged he said: "He has done me out of the benevolent fund this morning. Now I have done him out of it for life."

The accounts of how the blows were struck, who witnessed the stabbing, &c., also differ. The chief clerk of the theatre, Mr. Haywood, said that he was in the theatre when the murder was committed. He said that he saw Prince strike Terriss with a knife, and that he saw the blood spurt from the wound.

Dr. Haywood examined the wounds and saw that the knife was a butcher's knife. He said that the knife was found in the theatre. He said that the knife was found in the theatre. He said that the knife was found in the theatre.

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## HAS SPAIN WON ONE WAR?

SAGASTA ASSERTS THAT THE PHILIPPINE  
FINES HAVE GIVEN UP.

He Says the Chiefs Will Go to Spain to  
Make Personal Submission to the Queen  
Regent. But Mail Advises the War is  
Going On, with Many Provinces in Revolt.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
MADRID, Dec. 16.—At the meeting of the Cabinet to-day Prime Minister Sagasta read despatches from Manila announcing the surrender of the remaining insurgent leaders and the complete pacification of the Philippine Islands. The chiefs of the insurgent government have agreed to make personal submission to the Queen Regent, and will sail for that purpose on Dec. 27. A fitting escort will accompany them to Spain.

When the news of the end of the Philippine rebellion became generally known the public were delighted. Enthusiastic crowds thronged the streets, and many of the residents illuminated and beflagged their houses. The Government ordered that all the public buildings be decorated in honor of the occasion.

Several of the warships that are now at the Philippines will be ordered to proceed to Cuba. The Cabinet resolved to accept conditionally the offer of Marquis Villaverde to give \$50,000 toward strengthening the navy. It deferred decision on the suggestion of the Marquis that a public subscription be opened for that purpose.

San Francisco, Dec. 16.—Private advices from Manila to Nov. 6 received here give the complete list of the Spanish official reports that the Philippine insurrection is subdued. The insurgents have not been taken into small bands of marauders. In fact, in eight provinces around Manila they control the situation.

Business is dead, though it is understood that the people will be allowed to harvest their rice. The insurgent leader Emilio Aguinaldo has sworn that if any more acts of cruelty or excesses are traced to the district magistrates the crops will be burned in all the provinces.

Arms have been landed at the village of Calama and the whole province of Bulacan is in revolt. Yesterday 2,000 soldiers returned from Marquina and joined Gen. Polavieja in the movement on Bulacan. Six hundred native soldiers have gone over to the enemy because of the insolence of their Spanish officers.

## QUEEN REGENT READY TO FLEE.

She Will Go to France if the Threatened  
Revolution Occurs in Spain.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
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## ALPHONSE DAUDET DEAD.

The Great French Novelist Dies While Dining  
with His Family.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, Dec. 16.—Alphonse Daudet, the distinguished French novelist, died suddenly this evening while dining with his family. Death was caused by stroke.

M. Daudet had suffered for nearly ten years from ataxia, which consigned him to something like a living death. He was dining with his family between 8 and 9 o'clock at his residence, 31 rue de Valenciennes, when he suddenly dropped his knife and fork and fell back in his chair.

The vicar of St. Clothilde, M. Daudet's parish church, was summoned, and he arrived in time to administer the last sacrament. When M. Daudet's physicians, Drs. Yatin and Tournette, arrived, a little more than half an hour had elapsed since death had already occurred.

The news of M. Daudet's death reached some of the theatres, and caused much grief. The sudden death of Alphonse Daudet in his fifty-seventh year deprives France of one of the very few authors of the first rank that she had left. It was only a few days ago that the opera made out of his novel "Sapho," with Massenet's music and Calvé as the heroine, was brought out very successfully at the Paris Opéra-Comique.

Daudet was born in Nîmes in the South of France that he so often described in his stories in 1840. He went to Paris as a boy of 17 with his elder brother Ernest, and for a time he lived a wretchedly poor existence, depicted in "Le Petit Chose."

This changed soon on the two brothers becoming secretaries of the Comte de Moray, Napoleon III's minister of the interior. Daudet was born in Nîmes in the South of France that he so often described in his stories in 1840. He went to Paris as a boy of 17 with his elder brother Ernest, and for a time he lived a wretchedly poor existence, depicted in "Le Petit Chose."

From that time the appearance of a new book by Daudet became an event in Parisian life. His first novel, "Le Petit Chose," was followed by "Le Nabab," "Les Rois en Exil," and "Numa Roumestan," in which the novel characters were introduced. The novels were strong enough, however, to need no assistance from the pen of the author.

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## GIVES A SHIP TO PEARY.

MR. HARMSWORTH'S MAGNIFICENT  
PRESENT TO THE EXPLORER.

He Presents to Our Explorer the Ship  
Windward, Which Has Just Served Three Years  
in Jackson's Frigate and Land Work. The  
Donor Will Rent Her and Send Her Home.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, Dec. 16.—Robert E. Peary, U. S. A., sends the following to the correspondent of The Sun:

"A. C. Harmsworth, England's patron of Arctic exploration, has presented his Arctic ship, Windward, to me. Mr. Peary and will have her overhauled and sent to America for use in his coming expedition."

"This generous act of Mr. Harmsworth is the latest incident in a series that has shown that England and America are bound in the strongest brotherly ties in their mutual interest in Arctic work. Grinnell fitted out the first and second Grinnell expeditions to assist England in the search for Franklin and his brave companions. America sent the recovered Resolute back to England as a gift. England sent the Alert to America to assist in the search for Greely and his companions. Now Mr. Harmsworth gives Mr. Peary a ship which has been engaged for the last three years in exploring Franz Josef Land."

Mr. Alfred Charles Harmsworth, who has presented the Windward to Mr. Peary, is the proprietor of the London Daily Mail and sixteen other journals. He equipped in 1894 the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition at an expense of \$125,000. This expedition, after spending three winters in Franz Josef Land, returned to England in September last. As the result of their labors almost the whole of Franz Josef Land has been discovered, and has been shown to consist not, as was supposed, of large land masses, but of a number of islands. Gillies Land, as to which there had been much controversy, he found to be conspicuous for its absence in the place usually assigned to it on Arctic maps.

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